

# IELTS Writing Course

Task 1: Charts Paragraph 1 (W11A)

Defining Relative Clause

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趴趴教育  
PAPA EDUCATION

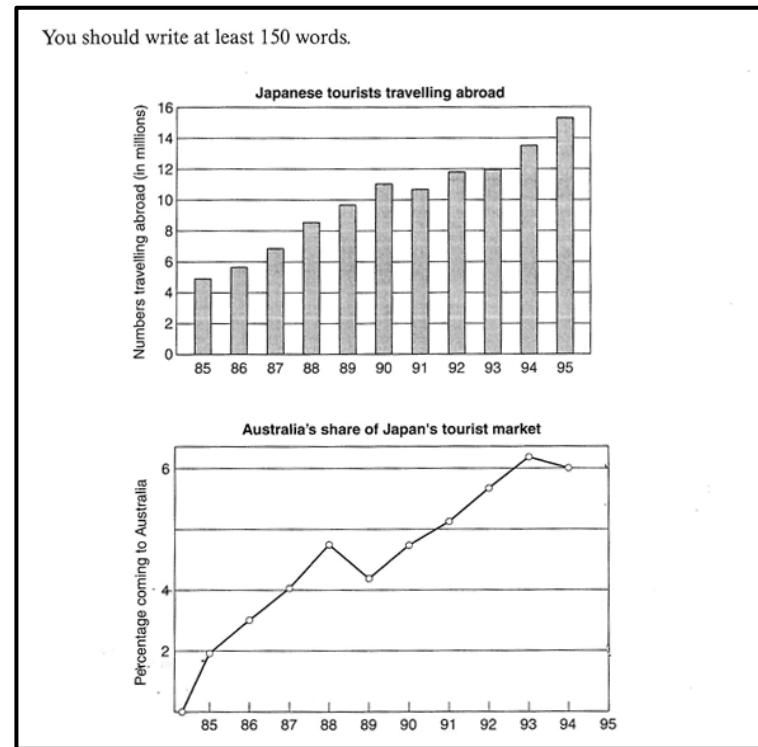
Paragraph 1: What the chart(s) show....



Defining relative clause:

## Q16

The charts show the number of Japanese tourists travelling abroad between 1985 and 1995 and Australia's share of the Japanese tourist market.

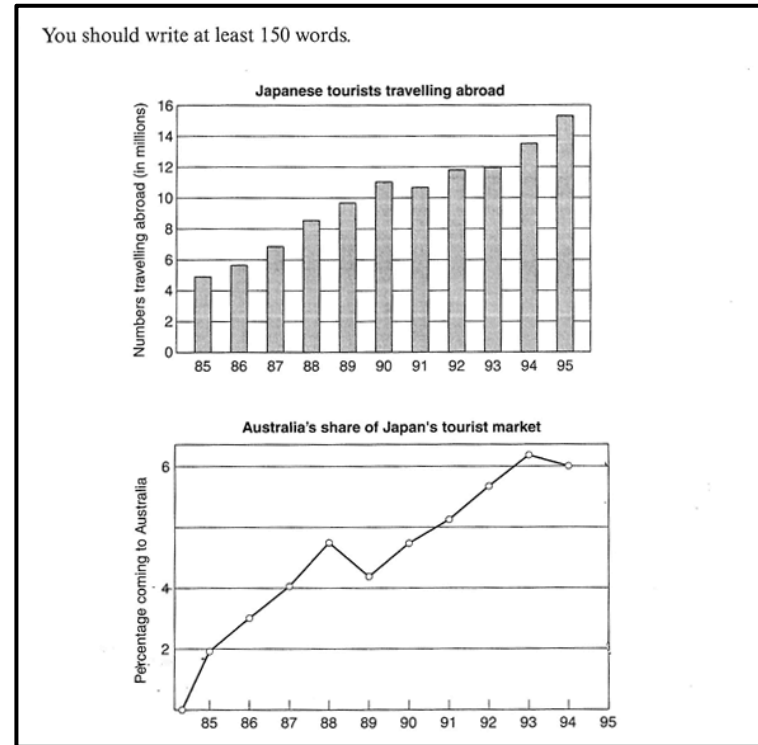


Example:

The top bar chart shows the number of Japanese tourists who travelled abroad in the 10 year period from 1985 to 1995, and the bottom line graph shows the percentage (of them) that visited Australia during the same period.

## Q16

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## Key pattern for charts: defining relative clause

1. the graph shows **the** number **of** XXX **who / that** YYY
2. the graph shows **the** percentage **of** XXX **who / that** YYY
3. the graph shows **the** amount **of** XXX **that** YYY
4. the graph shows **the** quantity **of** XXX **that** YYY
5. the graph shows **the** volume **of** XXX **that** YYY

Note: number of = **countable** / amount of – quantity of – volume of = **uncountable**

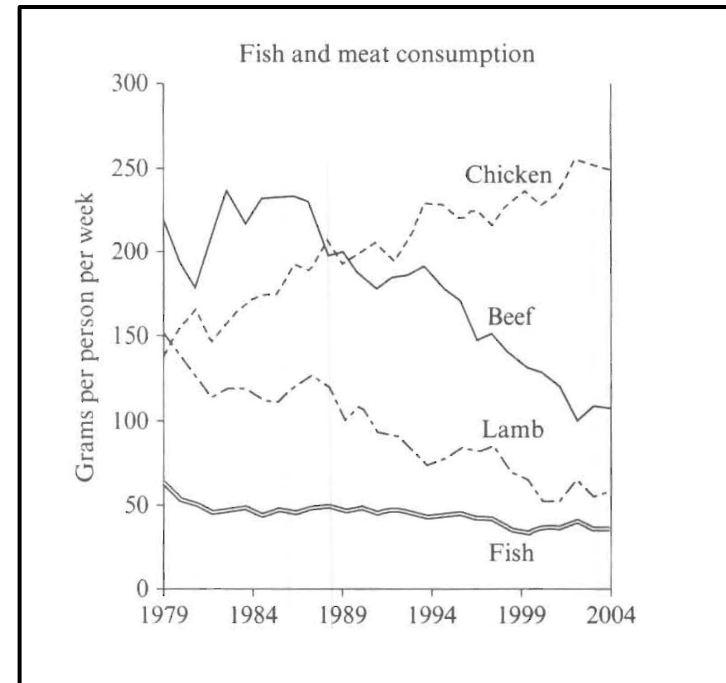
Defining relative Clause:

The line graph shows the number of Japanese tourists **who travelled abroad**.

Q20



The graph shows the consumption of fish and some different kinds of meat in a European country between 1979 and 2004.



The line graph shows the amount of chicken, beef, lamb and fish that was eaten in a European country in the 25 year period from 1979 to 2004.

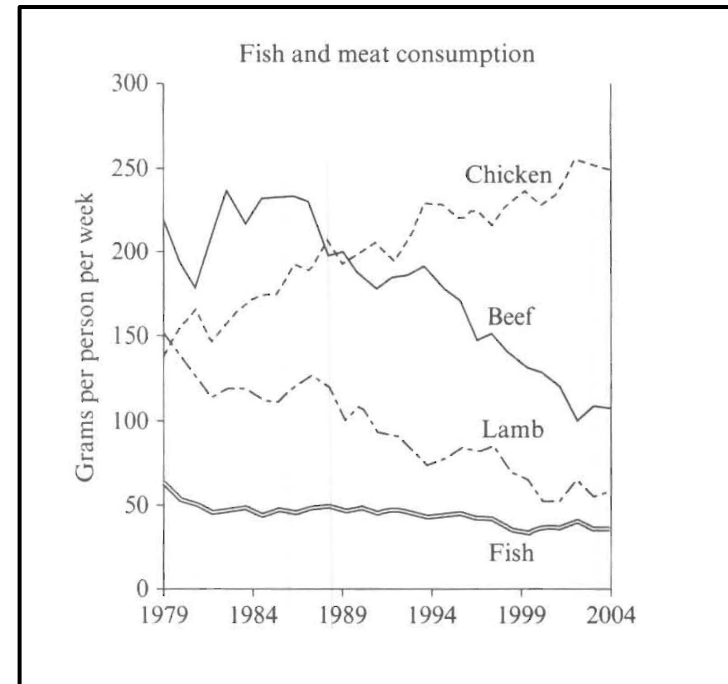
the amount of chicken, beef, lamb and fish that was eaten

the amount (of chicken (that was)) eaten grew dramatically



Q20

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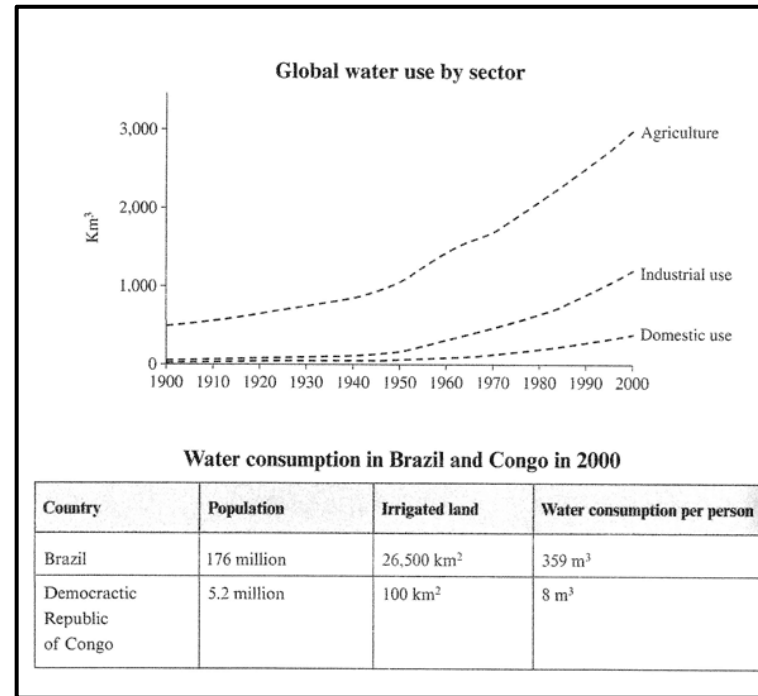


The line graph shows the amount of four types of food – chicken, beef, lamb and fish – that was eaten in a European country in the 25 year period from 1979 to 2004.



# Q1

The graph and table give information about water use worldwide and water consumption in two different countries.

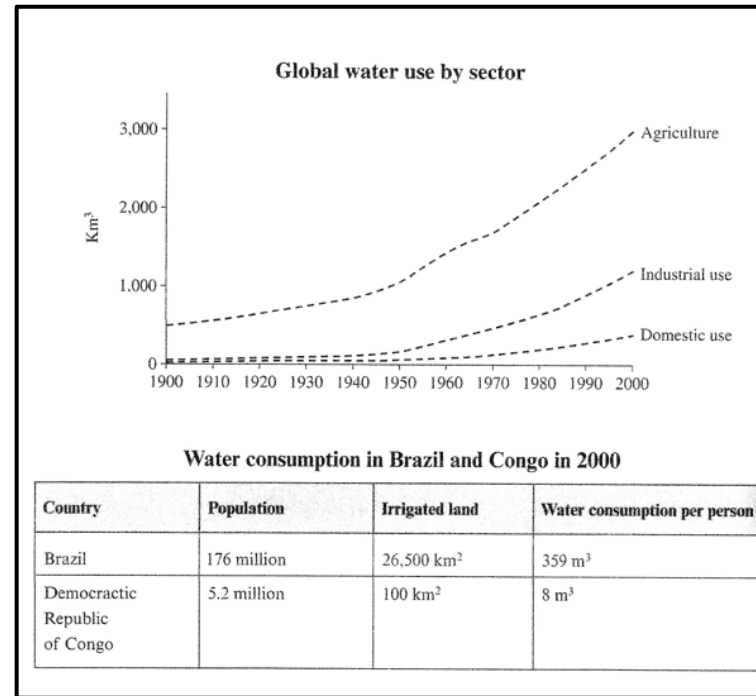


the amount of water that was used globally by agriculture, industry and in

The top line graph shows **homes**, in the 10 year period from 1900 to 2000. And the bottom table shows the amount of irrigated land in Brazil and the Congo in 2000, together with the population and water consumption per person in those countries.

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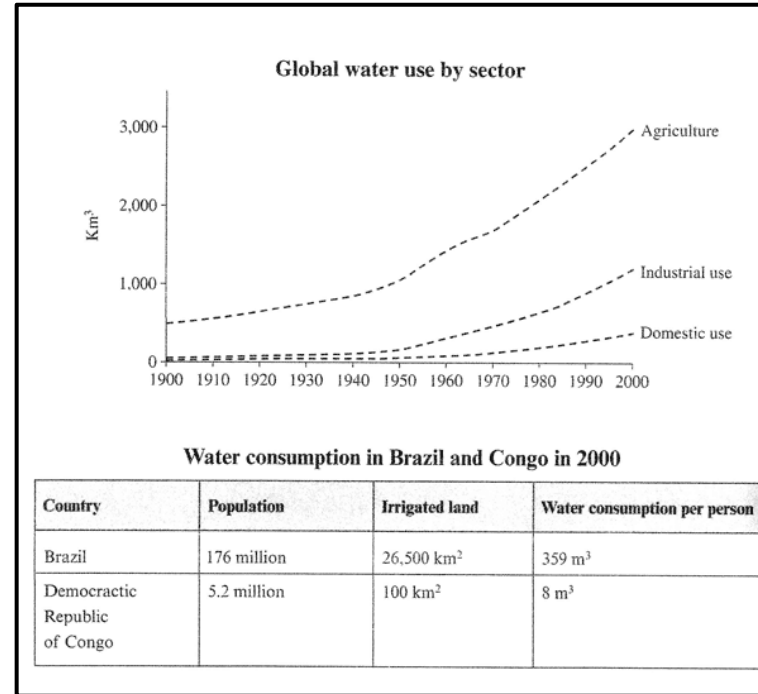
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the amount of water that was used in agriculture grew



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Q3

was spent on



The table gives information on consumer spending on different items in five different countries in 2002.

Country	Food/Drinks/ Tobacco	Clothing/ Footwear	Leisure/ Education
Ireland	28.91%	6.43%	2.21%
Italy	16.36%	9.00%	3.20%
Spain	18.80%	6.51%	1.98%
Sweden	15.77%	5.40%	3.22%
Turkey	32.14%	6.63%	4.35%

the percentage of total consumer spending that people spent on 3 categories of goods

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The table shows the percentage of total consumer spending that people spent on three categories of goods – food, drinks and tobacco, clothing and footwear, and leisure and education – in five countries – Ireland, Italy, Spain, Sweden and Turkey – in 2002.

### Q3



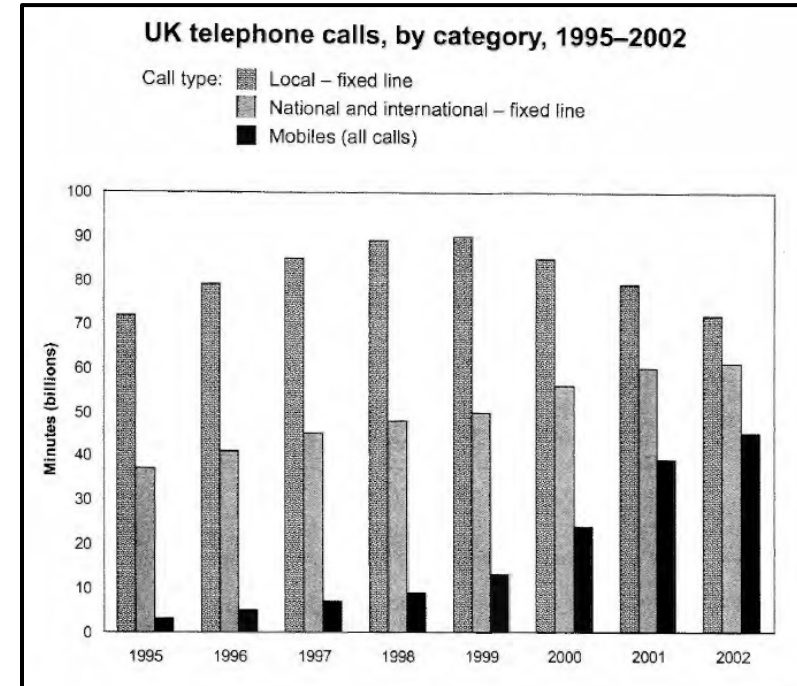
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## Q5

The chart shows the total number of minutes (in billions) of telephone calls in the UK, divided into three categories, from 1995-2002.



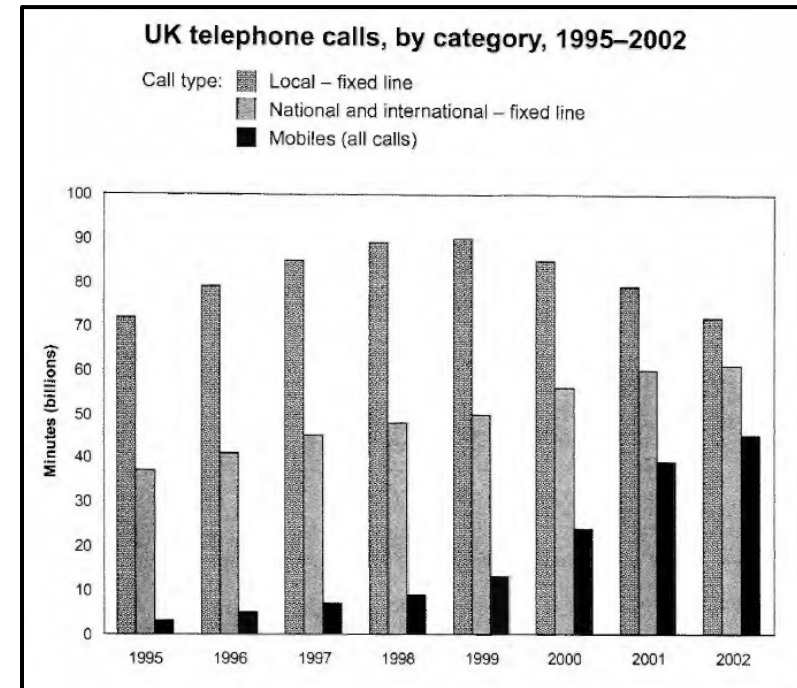
The bar chart shows

in the UK in the seven year period from 1995 to 2002.

the number of minutes of three types of telephone call - XXXX - that were made

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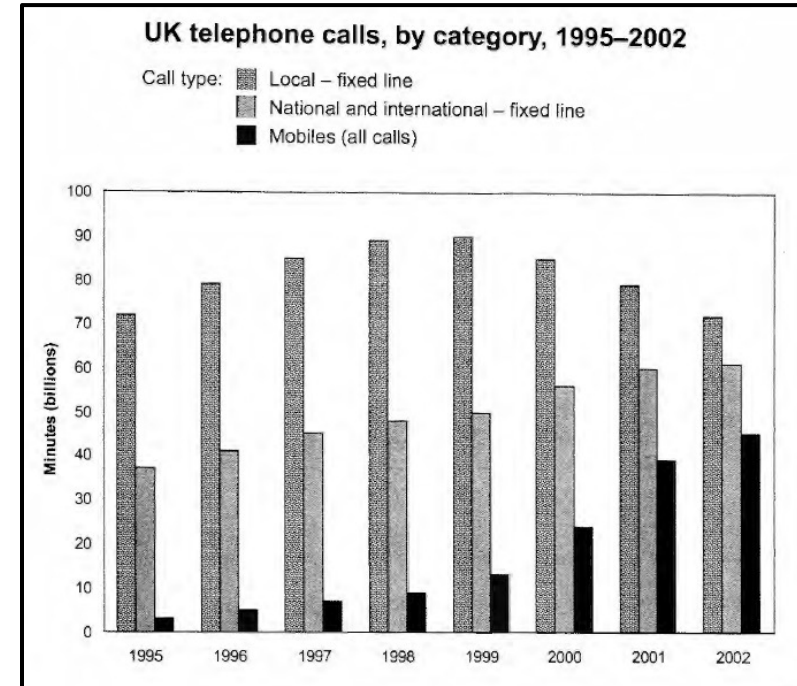
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